## NATURE TRAILS IN ANDALUSIA



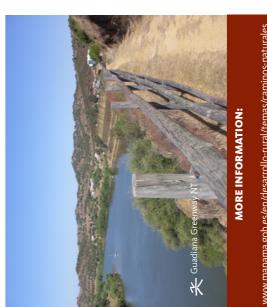
## NATURE TRAILS IN ANDALUSIA

In the following pages, the Nature Trails running through Andalusia are briefly described. Among those, there are short walks as such in Entre Ríos, Rota or Guadalimar, long walks such as Los Molinos del Agua Trail, la Campiña Trail, the Subbaetic Trail, the Olive Oil Trail, el Hierro Trail or the as the one which follows the course of the River Guadiana. Guadix-Almendricos Railway, or long treks such

km trail ends. Olive trees, cork oaks and pines, among other trees, dot the patches of farmland and surround the walker, who may also visit the important Los Gabrieles dolmen ilway line that joined the Buitrón mines with the dock owned by the mining company in San Juan del Puerto, where this 34 Los Molinos del Agua (The Watermills) (Huelva). This runs through

come the main worldwide producer of manganese and an important international producer of copper and sulphur. a century. This railway line, and places such as the La Isabel Guadiana Greenway (Huelva). This 16.6 km long trail follows the layout of the mining railway which joined the Herrerías mines with the La Laja mining port for more than allowed Spain, at the end of the 19th century, to be

great interest. (This trail is suffering important maintenan among protected coastline environments and marshes of portance for procuring food to the Castile area in the hard years after the Spanish Civil War. This Nature Trail runs Andévalo to the coast. The fish train had a strategic im to the coastline along 48.7 km, from Huelva to Ayamonte using the old railway line originally built to transport fish Coastline Greenway (Huelva). This Route runs parallel ce problems) Cristina and Lepe to Madrid, and ore from ◫



We invite you to visit the Nature Trails in Andalusia and offer you the keys to enjoy the trip. We only ask one thing of you: do not forget to leave everything as you found it. The conservation of these pathways is also your responsibility.

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CONTINENTS BETWEEN

A region located in far south-eastern Europe, being inhabited since ancient times by Phoenicians, Romans, Arabs, Berbers, Castilians, Central Europeans, etc. has given this Autonomous

Community its characteristic open, multicultural identity, besides an impressive historical, artistic and cultural heritage, a

and a warm weather which welcomes

tors in any time of the year

cuisine

distinctive

In this territory, the traveller can enjoy a marked variety in

These routes take us to the countryside to discover the biodiversity and beauty of our precious natural heritage, and discover the villages, sights, traditions and people that are part of the unique cultural landscape of our country.

Since 1993 the Ministry for Agriculture and Fisheries, Food and the Environment's Nature Trails Program aims to restore former transport infrastructures such as railway tracks, cattle trails and traditional routes, for public use and enjoyment.

port, from where they were exported by ship to England Jerez de la Frontera and Sanlúcar de Barrameda (7.5 km). These two and Sanlúcar de Barrameda (8.9 km) and the second one joined follows the "Coastline Train", which joined El Puerto de Santa María sists on a network of two trails, the Entre Rios Nature Trail itself and the Rota Greenway. Their layouts follow old railway lines. The first Entre Ríos (Cádiz) (TRAIL NETWORK). In fact, this route con lines originally served to transport sherry wines to the sea

fields are in bright contrast. which went out of operation in the 1970s, crossing sunflower fields and grain fields dotted with olive trees, which are specially pretty in springtime, when the colours of different crop Campiña (Córdoba, Sevilla). A 54.2 km long route which along part of the old Córdoba-Marchena railway line,

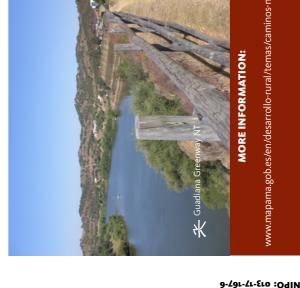
La Sierra (Cádiz). This trail crosses the 29 tunnels which were the heart of the Cádiz hills in order to build a railway line joining Jerez de la Frontera and Almargen. However, the outbreak of the Spanish Civil war made its completion impossible. The longest of these tunnels, which is located almost at the end of the trail, is almost 500 mels, which is located almost at the end of the trail, is almost 500 mels, which is located almost at the end of the trail. to otter sanctuaries are the main attractions of this 35.5 km route. m long. White villages, olive trees, fighting cattle, the Peñón de Zaframagón Nature Reserve, megaliths and rivers which are home

strecht) and the Olive Oil Nature Trail (Moriles-Campo Real stretch). These trails are 54.2 km, 57.3 km, and 7.89 km long respectively. These Nature Trails use as a reference the old Jaén-Málaga railway line whose original purpose was to bring olive oil to sea ports to be exported. Guadajoz stretch), the Subbaetic Nature Trail (Guadajoz-Moriles This network comprises three adjoining natural trails which, from north-east to south-west, are: Olive Oil Nature Trail (Jaén-Río Olive Oil Greenway (Jaén, Córdoba) (TRAIL GROUP)

landscape, from the wide and fertile Guadalquivir valley and the Doñana National Park marshes to the high peaks of Sierra Nevada, from the sandy deserts of Almería to the lush vegetation of Sierra de Grazalema, the area with most abundant

This Autonomous Community offers 13 Natural Trails which either run totally though Andalusian territory or are shared rainfall in Spain, and, of course, a coastline of 1,101 km.

with other Autonomous Communities.





Andalusia, which includes valuable protected spaces The stretches run across a landscape of olive groves, so typical of

Zurgena stretch) tain air during the winter and mild temperatures in summer, the perfect conditions for the town's claim to fame: its cured ham the Natural Trail 34.6 km. (Under construction 2016, Granada Besides this gastronomic attraction, the remains of the old railway line used to transport iron ore can be appreciated all along Almanzora Valley, Serón has a pleasant climate, with cool moun (Almería). Halfway between **Guadix-Almendricos** Railway line Sierra de Filabres and or Iron Greenway River

king views over a landscape of olive groves, leafy riverside woodlands by the Guadalimar River or in the Guadiana valley as the remains of the Iberian-Roman town of Castulo. and industrial heritage, besides the railway line itself, as well and allows the walker to visit many remains of the mining Guadalimar Greenway (Jaén). A trail 15.5 km long which runs in the Linares and Begíjar territories. It offers breathta-

Segura Greenway (Jaén). This Nature Trail, 28.7 km long, crosses the Sierra del Segura county (67.3% of which corresponds to the Sierra de Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas Natural Park), crossing the towns of Arroyo del Ojanco, Segura de la Sierra, Puente de Génave, La Puerta de Segura, Génave and Villarrodrigo.

through the province of Badajoz, crosses into Portugal and runs all along the Portuguese border, in the Huelva side, before discharging into the Atlantic sea. This Nature Trails consists The River Guadiana 818 km long, is the second longest river in the Iberian Peninsula. Its source is located in the Ruidera Lake. between Albacete and Ciudad Real, after which it disappears and resurfaces in the area called Ojos del Guadiana, goes Guadiana (Albacete, Ciudad Real, Badajoz, Huelva)







